

The North Dakota Secretary of State and county election officials are your trusted source for election information.

VOTING is **EASY**

1 Voter Qualifications

To vote in North Dakota, you must:

- Be a United States citizen
- Be at least 18 years old
- Live in North Dakota for 30 days prior to an election

2 Voter Identification

North Dakota does not have voter registration. You must have a valid form of North Dakota ID to vote.

- North Dakota Driver's License
- North Dakota Non-Driver ID
- Tribal ID or Tribal Letter
- Long Term Care Certificate

3 Voting Options

North Dakota allows voters to choose how to vote:

- Absentee
- Early Voting (in-person)
- Election Day (in-person)

Find an absentee ballot application and polling location information in the My Voting Info portal: vote.nd.gov/myvotinginfo.

VOTING is **SECURE**

4 One Person = One Vote

When you vote - absentee or in-person - your ID is verified and records are updated statewide through a secure connection, ensuring each person can only vote once.

5 Only Qualified Voters Are Allowed to Vote

- North Dakota's voter ID laws require a valid ID to vote.
- North Dakota IDs issued to non-U.S. citizens legally residing in the U.S. reflect their non-citizenship status. The voter record flags anyone marked as a non-citizen, ensuring only U.S. citizens can vote.
- Voter rolls are verified and updated daily based on data received from NDDOT, Vital Records, and Department of Corrections.

6 Paper Ballots

North Dakota only uses paper ballots, creating an auditable paper trail of all votes cast.

7 ND Does Not Mass Mail Ballots

A voter must complete and submit an absentee ballot application. The county auditor reviews the application and verifies the voter's ID information before a ballot is mailed.

8 No Internet Connection

Ballot handling equipment never connects to the Internet and has no components for a connection.

VOTING is **ACCURATE**

9 Voting System Testing

- All voting systems are tested and certified for use by the U.S. Election Assistance Commission and Secretary of State.
- Extensive testing is done before each election to ensure ballot tabulation equipment is accurate.
- Public Logic and Accuracy testing is conducted on all voting systems before each election.

10 Post-Election Audits

- Every county in North Dakota completes a post-election audit after each statewide primary and general election.
- A manual review of ballots cast is compared to tabulated results.
- The audit also serves as a process audit to ensure compliance with North Dakota statute and best practices in election administration.